# Package 'agricolaeplotr'

January 17, 2024

```
Type Package
Title Visualization of Design of Experiments from the 'agricolae'
     Package
Version 0.5.0
Maintainer Jens Harbers < jensharbers@gmail.com>
Description
     Visualization of Design of Experiments from the 'agricolae' package with 'ggplot2' framework
     The user provides an experiment design from the 'agricolae' package, calls the correspond-
     ing function and will receive a
     visualization with 'ggplot2' based functions that are specific for each de-
     sign. As there are many different designs, each design is tested on its type.
     The output can be modified with standard 'ggplot2' commands or with other packages with 'gg-
     plot2' function extensions.
License GPL (>= 3)
Encoding UTF-8
Imports ggplot2, agricolae, raster, sp (>= 2.0.0), methods, FielDHub,
     utils, tibble, sf, dplyr, tidyr, stplanr, ggspatial
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Language en-US
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URL https://github.com/jensharbers/agricolaeplotr
Depends R (>= 4.0)
VignetteBuilder knitr
Note 'None'
NeedsCompilation no
Author Jens Harbers [aut, cre] (<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-6634-623X>)
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```

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citations

Citation

#### **Description**

Generates citations of all loaded packages

#### Usage

```
citations(includeURL = TRUE, bibtex = TRUE)
```

# Arguments

includeURL boolean, Should the URL be returned?

bibtex boolean, Should the citations be returned as bibtex?

#### Value

printed output to console

## **Examples**

library(ggplot2)
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
library(raster)
citations()

DOE\_obj

Measures of a Field Design

# **Description**

Returns a list with several useful information about the experiment

#### Usage

```
DOE_obj(p)
```

#### **Arguments**

p ggplot object containing the data of the plot

### Value

a list with several useful information about the experiment and the field

#### **Examples**

```
full_control_positions
```

full\_control\_positions

#### **Description**

This function provides full control about the plotting. The user also may shift the coordinates as liked.

#### Usage

```
full_control_positions(
  design,
  x = "col",
  y = "row",
  factor_name = "trt",
  labels = "plots",
 width = 1,
  height = 1,
  space_width = 0.95,
  space_height = 0.85,
  reverse_y = FALSE,
  reverse_x = FALSE,
  way_x = 0,
 way_y = 0,
  shift_x = 0,
  dist_x = 1,
  dist_y = 1,
  shift_y = 0,
  start_origin = FALSE
)
```

full\_control\_positions 5

### **Arguments**

design	data.frame containing the row and columns of an experiment
x	Describes the x coordinates of a experiment design
У	Describes the y coordinates of a experiment design
factor_name	string Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
labels	string Describes the column from that the plots are taken to display them
width	numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment
height	numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment
space_width	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of width
space_height	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of height
reverse_y	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in Row direction? use reverse_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. default:reverse_y=FALSE
reverse_x	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in column direction? default:reverse_x=FALSE
way_x	numeric vector indicates the shift of the nth-plot in x-axis.
way_y	numeric vector indicates the shift of the nth-plot in y-axis.
shift_x	numeric indicates the shift in units in x-axis.
dist_x	numeric indicates the shift in plots in x-axis.
dist_y	numeric indicates the shift in plots for the y-axis.
shift_y	numeric indicates the shift in units for the y-axis.
start_origin	boolean. Should the design start at the origin (010)?

#### Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

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```
p <- full_control_positions(design, "col", "row", "varieties", "plots",</pre>
                        width=3,height=4.5,
                        space_width=0.13, space_height=0.445,
                shift_x=(-0.5*3) + (-0.5*3*(1-0.13)), shift_y=-0.5*4.5 + (-0.5*4.5*(1-0.445)))
varieties<-LETTERS[1:12]</pre>
outdesign <-design.youden(varieties,r=12,serie=2,seed=23)</pre>
design <- outdesign$book</pre>
p <- full_control_positions(design,"col","row","varieties","plots",</pre>
                        width=3,height=4.5,
                        space_width=1,space_height=1,
                        shift_x=-0.5*3, shift_y=-0.5*4.5)
р
p <- full_control_positions(design,"col","row","varieties","plots",</pre>
                        width=3,height=4.5,
                        space_width=0.93,space_height=0.945,
                        start_origin = TRUE)
p <- full_control_positions(design,"col","row","varieties","plots",</pre>
width=3,height=4.5,
space\_width=0.93, space\_height=0.945, way\_x = c(2,6,8,10,12), way\_y=c(3,8), dist\_x=2, dist\_y=4,
start_origin = TRUE, reverse_y = FALSE, reverse_x = FALSE);p
p <- full_control_positions(design,"col","row","varieties","plots",</pre>
                                      width=3,height=4.5,
                                      space_width=0.93,space_height=0.945,
                                      way_x = c(2,4,6,8,10,12), way_y=c(3,8),
                                      start_origin = FALSE, reverse_y = FALSE,
                                      reverse_x = FALSE);p
```

make\_polygons

make\_polygons

#### **Description**

This function coerces all rectangles from a 'ggplot' object to 'SpatialPolygonDataFrame'.

#### Usage

```
make_polygons(
  ggplot_object,
  north = 3454206.89,
  east = 5939183.21,
  projection_input = "+init=epsg:31467",
  projection_output = "+init=epsg:4326"
)
```

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#### **Arguments**

ggplot\_object saved ggplot object, containing the coordinates of the rectangles of a 'ggplot'

object of the first two layers

north float added to the rows to have a northing ordinate float added to the rows to have a easting ordinate

projection\_input

string defines in which EPSG projection the ggplot object should be converted

to a raster object? a projection with a metric unit is highly recommended

projection\_output

string defines in which EPSG projection the SpatialPolygonDataFrame should

be exported.

#### Value

a SpatialPolygonDataFrame object

#### **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
trt = c(2,3,4)
outdesign1 <-design.crd(trt,r=5,serie=2,2543,'Mersenne-Twister')
plt <- plot_design_crd(outdesign1,ncols = 13,nrows = 3)
spat_df <- make_polygons(plt)
spat_df</pre>
```

plot\_alpha

Plot Alpha design Experiments

#### **Description**

Plot a design of an experiment with an alpha design from agricolae design.alpha

#### Usage

```
plot_alpha(
  design,
  x = "cols",
  y = "block",
  factor_name = "trt",
  labels = "plots",
  width = 1,
  height = 1,
  space_width = 0.95,
  space_height = 0.85,
  reverse_y = FALSE,
  reverse_x = FALSE
)
```

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#### Arguments

design outdesign from agricolae package Describes the x coordinates of a experiment design Х Describes the y coordinates of a experiment design У Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book factor\_name labels Describes the column from that the plots are taken to display them width numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment height numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space\_width space between plots in term of width space\_height numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of height reverse\_y boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in Row direction? use reverse\_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. default:reverse\_y=FALSE reverse x boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in column direction? default:reverse\_x=FALSE

#### Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

#### **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
trt<-1:30
t <- length(trt)
# size block k
k<-3
# Blocks s
s<-t/k
# replications r
r <- 2
outdesign<- design.alpha(trt,k,r,serie=2)
plot_alpha(outdesign)</pre>
```

plot\_bib

Plot Randomized Balanced Incomplete Block Designs

#### **Description**

Plot a design of an experiment with an Randomized Balanced Incomplete Block Designs (BIB) from design.bib

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#### Usage

```
plot_bib(
  design,
  y = "block",
  factor_name = "trt",
  labels = "plots",
  width = 1,
  height = 1,
  space_width = 0.95,
  space_height = 0.85,
  reverse_y = FALSE,
  reverse_x = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

design	outdesign from agricolae package
у	Describes the y coordinates of a experiment design
factor_name	Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
labels	Describes the column from that the plots are taken to display them
width	numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment
height	numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment
space_width	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of width
space_height	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of height
reverse_y	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in Row direction? use reverse_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. default:reverse_y=FALSE
reverse_x	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in column direction? default:reverse_x=FALSE

#### Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
trt<-c('A','B','C','D')
k<-3
outdesign<-design.bib(trt,k,serie=2,seed =41,kinds ='Super-Duper') # seed = 41
plot_bib(outdesign)
#now let us change position of the columns
plot_bib(outdesign,reverse_x = TRUE)</pre>
```

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plot_cyclic	Plot Cyclic Design
-------------	--------------------

# Description

Plot a design of an experiment with an cyclic design from agricolae design.cyclic

# Usage

```
plot_cyclic(
  design,
  y = "block",
  factor_name = "trt",
  labels = "plots",
  width = 1,
  height = 1,
  space_width = 0.95,
  space_height = 0.85,
  reverse_y = FALSE,
  reverse_x = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

design	outdesign from agricolae package
у	Describes the y coordinates of a experiment design
factor_name	Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
labels	Describes the column from that the plots are taken to display them
width	numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment
height	numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment
space_width	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of width
space_height	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of height
reverse_y	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in Row direction? use reverse_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. default:reverse_y=FALSE
reverse_x	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in column direction? default:reverse_x=FALSE

### Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

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#### **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
k <- 2
r <- 6
trt <-c('CIP-101','CIP-201','CIP-301','CIP-401','CIP-501',LETTERS[1:2])
outdesign<- design.cyclic(trt,k=k, r=r, serie=3, rowcol=TRUE)
plot_cyclic(outdesign, factor_name = 'trt')</pre>
```

plot\_dau

Plot Design of Augmented Blocks (dau)

# **Description**

Plot a design of an experiment with an augmented block design from agricolae design.dau

# Usage

```
plot_dau(
   design,
   y = "block",
   factor_name = "trt",
   labels = "plots",
   width = 1,
   height = 1,
   space_width = 0.95,
   space_height = 0.85,
   reverse_y = FALSE,
   reverse_x = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

design	outdesign from agricolae package
у	Describes the y coordinates of a experiment design
factor_name	Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
labels	Describes the column from that the plots are taken to display them
width	numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment
height	numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment
space_width	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of width
space_height	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of height

reverse\_y boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in Row direction? use reverse\_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. default:reverse\_y=FALSE

reverse\_x boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in col-

umn direction? default:reverse\_x=FALSE

#### Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

#### **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
T1<-c('A','B','C','D','E','F')
T2<-letters[19:26]
outdesign <-design.dau(T1,T2, r=5,serie=2)
plot_dau(outdesign)
plot_dau(outdesign,reverse_y = TRUE)</pre>
```

#### **Description**

Plot a design of a factorial experiment with completely randomized design (crd) from design.ab

#### **Usage**

```
plot_design.factorial_crd(
  design,
  ncols,
  nrows,
  y = "row",
  factor_name = "A",
  labels = "plots",
  width = 1,
  height = 1,
  space_width = 0.95,
  space_height = 0.85,
  reverse_y = FALSE,
  reverse_x = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

design	outdesign from agricolae package
ncols	integer value, choose the number of columns to which the experiment should be plotted
nrows	integer value, choose the number of rows to which the experiment should be plotted
У	Describes the y coordinates of a experiment design, default is row
factor_name	Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
labels	string indicates the column of which the labels should be displayed
width	numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment
height	numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment
space_width	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of width
space_height	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of height
reverse_y	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in Row direction? use reverse_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. default:reverse_y=FALSE
reverse_x	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in column direction? default:reverse_x=FALSE

#### Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

#### **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
trt<-c(3,2) # factorial 3x2
outdesign <- design.ab(trt, r=3, serie=2,design = 'crd')
plot_design.factorial_crd(outdesign,ncols = 8,nrows = 6)
plot_design.factorial_crd(outdesign,reverse_y = TRUE,ncols = 8,nrows = 6)
plot_design.factorial_crd(outdesign,reverse_y = TRUE,reverse_x = TRUE,ncols = 8,nrows = 6)</pre>
```

```
plot_design.factorial_lsd
```

Plot Factorial Latin Square Designs (lsd)

#### **Description**

Plot a design of a factorial experiment with latin square design (lsd) design from agricolae design.ab

#### Usage

```
plot_design.factorial_lsd(
  design,
  x = "col",
  y = "row",
  factor_name = "A",
  labels = "plots",
  width = 1,
  height = 1,
  space_width = 0.95,
  space_height = 0.85,
  reverse_y = FALSE,
  reverse_x = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

design	outdesign from agricolae package
X	Describes the x coordinates of a experiment design
У	Describes the y coordinates of a experiment design
factor_name	Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
labels	Describes the column from that the plots are taken to display them
width	numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment
height	numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment
space_width	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of width
space_height	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of height
reverse_y	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in Row direction? use reverse_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. default:reverse_y=FALSE
reverse_x	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in column direction? default:reverse_x=FALSE

#### Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
trt<-c(3,2) # factorial 3x2
outdesign <-design.ab(trt, r=3, serie=2,design = 'lsd')
plot_design.factorial_lsd(outdesign,factor_name = 'B',reverse_x = TRUE)</pre>
```

```
{\tt plot\_design.factorial\_rcbd} \\ {\tt Plot\ Factorial\ Designs\ with\ rcbd\ Design}
```

# Description

Plot a design of a factorial experiment with randomized complete block design (rcbd) from design.ab

# Usage

```
plot_design.factorial_rcbd(
  design,
  y = "row",
  factor_name = "A",
  width = 1,
  height = 1,
  space_width = 0.95,
  space_height = 0.85,
  reverse_x = FALSE,
  reverse_y = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

design	outdesign from agricolae package
У	Describes the y coordinates of a experiment design
factor_name	Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
width	numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment
height	numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment
space_width	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of width
space_height	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of height
reverse_x	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in column direction? default:reverse_x=FALSE
reverse_y	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in Row direction? use reverse_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. default:reverse_y=FALSE

### Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

plot\_design\_crd

#### **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
trt<-c(2,4)
k=6
outdesign<-design.ab(trt, r=k, serie=3,design='rcbd')
plot_design.factorial_rcbd(design=outdesign,factor_name = 'B')
plot_design.factorial_rcbd(outdesign,reverse_y = TRUE,reverse_x = TRUE)</pre>
```

plot\_design\_crd

Plot Complete Randomized Design

#### **Description**

Plot a design of a factorial experiment with randomized complete block design from agricolae design.ab

#### Usage

```
plot_design_crd(
  design,
  ncols,
  nrows,
  y = "row",
  factor_name = "trt",
  labels = "plots",
  width = 1,
  height = 1,
  space_width = 0.95,
  space_height = 0.85,
  reverse_y = FALSE,
  reverse_x = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

design	outdesign from agricolae package
ncols	integer value, choose the number of columns to which the experiment should be plotted
nrows	integer value, choose the number of rows to which the experiment should be plotted
У	Describes the y coordinates of a experiment design, default is row
factor_name	Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
labels	Describes the column from that the plots are taken to display them

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width	numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment
height	numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment
space_width	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of width
space_height	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of height
reverse_y	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in Row direction? use reverse_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. default:reverse_y=FALSE
reverse_x	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in column direction? default:reverse x=FALSE

#### Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

# **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
trt = c(2,3,4,5,6)
outdesign1 <-design.crd(trt,r=5,serie=2,2543,'Mersenne-Twister')
plot_design_crd(outdesign1,ncols = 13,nrows = 3)</pre>
```

plot\_fieldhub

Plot FielDHub Design

# Description

Plots designs from FielDHub package

## Usage

```
plot_fieldhub(
  design,
  x = "COLUMN",
  y = "ROW",
  labels = "PLOT",
  factor_name = "TREATMENT",
  width = 1,
  height = 1,
  space_width = 0.95,
  space_height = 0.85,
  reverse_y = FALSE,
  reverse_x = FALSE,
  shift_x = 0,
  shift_y = 0
)
```

plot\_fieldhub

#### **Arguments**

design	outdesign from FielDHub package with on of the following IDs: $c(9,13,14,15,16)$
X	Describes the x coordinates of a experiment design
у	Describes the y coordinates of a experiment design
labels	string Describes the column from that the plots are taken to display them
factor_name	string Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
width	numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment
height	numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment
space_width	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of width
space_height	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of height
reverse_y	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in Row direction? use reverse_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. default:reverse_y=FALSE
reverse_x	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in column direction? default:reverse_x=FALSE
shift_x	numeric indicates the shift in units in x-axis.
shift_y	numeric indicates the shift in units for the y-axis.

#### Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

```
## Not run:
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(FielDHub)
H <- paste("H", 1:4, sep = "")
V <- paste("V", 1:5, sep = "")</pre>
strip1 <- FielDHub::strip_plot(Hplots = H,</pre>
                               Vplots = V,
                               b = 1,
                               1 = 1,
                               plotNumber = 101,
                               planter = "serpentine",
                               locationNames = "A",
                               seed = 333)
strip1$fieldBook$ROW <- as.numeric(ordered(strip1$fieldBook$VSTRIP,</pre>
                       levels = unique(strip1$fieldBook$VSTRIP)))
strip1$fieldBook$COLUMN <- as.numeric(ordered(strip1$fieldBook$HSTRIP,</pre>
```

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plot\_graeco

Plot Graeco Latin Square Design

# Description

Plot a design of an experiment with an Graeco - latin square design from agricolae design.graeco

# Usage

```
plot_graeco(
   design,
   x = "col",
   y = "row",
   factor_name = "T1",
   labels = "plots",
   width = 1,
   height = 1,
   space_width = 0.95,
   space_height = 0.85,
   reverse_y = FALSE,
   reverse_x = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

design	outdesign from agricolae package
x	Describes the x coordinates of a experiment design
у	Describes the y coordinates of a experiment design
factor_name	Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
labels	Describes the column from that the plots are taken to display them
width	numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment

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height	numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment
space_width	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of width
space_height	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of height
reverse_y	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in Row direction? use reverse_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. default:reverse_y=FALSE
reverse_x	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in column direction? default:reverse x=FALSE

#### Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

#### **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
T1<-c('a','b','c','d')
T2<-c('v','w','x','y','z','zz')
outdesign <- design.graeco(trt1=T1, trt2=T2, serie = 2,
    seed = 0, kinds = 'Super-Duper',randomization=TRUE)
plot_graeco(outdesign, factor_name = 'T2',reverse_y = TRUE)
plot_graeco(outdesign, factor_name = 'T2',reverse_x = TRUE)</pre>
```

plot\_latin\_square

Plot Latin Square Design

#### **Description**

Plot a design of a factorial experiment with a latin square design from agricolae design.lsd

## Usage

```
plot_latin_square(
  design,
  x = "col",
  y = "row",
  factor_name = "trt",
  labels = "plots",
  width = 1,
  height = 1,
  space_width = 0.95,
  space_height = 0.85,
  reverse_y = FALSE,
  reverse_x = FALSE
)
```

plot\_lattice\_simple 21

### **Arguments**

design	outdesign from agricolae package
X	Describes the x coordinates of a experiment design
У	Describes the y coordinates of a experiment design
factor_name	Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
labels	Describes the column from that the plots are taken to display them
width	numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment
height	numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment
space_width	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of width
space_height	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of height
reverse_y	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in Row direction? use reverse_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. default:reverse_y=FALSE
reverse_x	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in column direction? default:reverse_x=FALSE

#### Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

# **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
trt<-LETTERS[1:9]
outdesign<- design.lsd(trt,serie=2)
plot_latin_square(outdesign, reverse_y = TRUE)</pre>
```

# Description

Plot a design of a factorial experiment with a lattice design from agricolae design.lattice with r=2

# Usage

```
plot_lattice_simple(
  design,
  y = "block",
  factor_name = "trt",
  labels = "plots",
```

22 plot\_lattice\_triple

```
width = 1,
height = 1,
space_width = 0.95,
space_height = 0.85,
reverse_y = FALSE,
reverse_x = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

outdesign from agricolae package design Describes the y coordinates of a experiment design factor\_name Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book labels Describes the column from that the plots are taken to display them width numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment height numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space\_width space between plots in term of width numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space\_height space between plots in term of height boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in reverse\_y Row direction? use reverse\_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. default:reverse\_y=FALSE boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in colreverse\_x

#### Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

# **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
trt<-1:100
outdesign<-design.lattice(trt,r=2,serie=3) # simple lattice design, 10x10
plot_lattice_simple(outdesign,width = 2, height = 1)</pre>
```

umn direction? default:reverse x=FALSE

#### **Description**

Plot a design of a factorial experiment with a latin square design from agricolae design.lattice with r=3

plot\_lattice\_triple 23

# Usage

```
plot_lattice_triple(
  design,
  y = "block",
  factor_name = "trt",
  labels = "plots",
  width = 1,
  height = 1,
  space_width = 0.95,
  space_height = 0.85,
  reverse_y = FALSE,
  reverse_x = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

design	outdesign from agricolae package
У	Describes the y coordinates of a experiment design
factor_name	Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
labels	Describes the column from that the plots are taken to display them
width	numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment
height	numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment
space_width	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of width
space_height	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of height
reverse_y	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in Row direction? use reverse_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. default:reverse_y=FALSE
reverse_x	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in column direction? default:reverse_x=FALSE

#### Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
trt<-LETTERS[1:9]
outdesign<-design.lattice(trt,r=3,serie=2)
plot_lattice_triple(design=outdesign,reverse_x=TRUE)</pre>
```

plot\_longest\_diagonal Plot the longest diagonal of a field

#### **Description**

This function takes a field and plots the longest diagonal of the field. The field is divided into segments and points are sampled from these segments.

# Usage

```
plot_longest_diagonal(
   field,
   n = 8,
   type = "random",
   n_segments = 2,
   distance_field_boundary = 3,
   width_diagonal_path = 2
)
```

#### **Arguments**

field An object of class sf representing the field.

n Integer, the number of sample points along the longest diagonal.

type Type of sampling. Default is "random".

n\_segments Numeric, the number of segments to divide the longest diagonal (default is 2).

distance\_field\_boundary

Numeric, the distance to buffer the field for creating the boundary (default is 3.0).

width\_diagonal\_path

Numeric, the width to buffer the diagonal path (default is 2.0).

#### Value

- p: A ggplot object showing the field, the buffered field, the buffered line, and the sample points.
- buffered\_line: A sf object representing the buffered line.
- my\_line: A sf object representing the longest diagonal of the field.
- sample\_points: A sf object representing the sampled points.
- length: A numeric value, representing the length of the longest line.

```
library(sf)
my_sf <- st_read(system.file("shape/gfn_schlaege.shp", package="agricolaeplotr"))
st_crs(my_sf) <- 25832
field <- my_sf[my_sf$SCHLAG_NR == 170,]
plot_longest_diagonal(field)</pre>
```

plot\_rcdb 25

plot_rcdb	Plot randomized complete block designs	

# Description

Plot a design of an experiment with randomized complete block design (rcbd) design from agricolae design.rcbd

# Usage

```
plot_rcdb(
  design,
  y = "block",
  factor_name = "trt",
  labels = "plots",
  width = 1,
  height = 1,
  space_width = 0.95,
  space_height = 0.85,
  reverse_y = FALSE,
  reverse_x = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

design	outdesign from agricolae package
У	Describes the y coordinates of a experiment design
factor_name	Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
labels	Describes the column from that the plots are taken to display them
width	numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment
height	numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment
space_width	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of width
space_height	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of height
reverse_y	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in Row direction? use reverse_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. default:reverse_y=FALSE
reverse_x	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in column direction? default:reverse_x=FALSE

# Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

26 plot\_split\_crd

#### **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
# 5 treatments and 6 blocks
trt<-c('A','B','C','D','E')
outdesign <-design.rcbd(trt,6,serie=2,986,'Wichmann-Hill') # seed = 986
plot_rcdb(outdesign)
plot_rcdb(outdesign,reverse_y = TRUE,reverse_x = TRUE)</pre>
```

plot\_split\_crd

Plot Split Plot Designs (crd)

#### **Description**

Plot a design of a split plot experiment with a complete randomized design (crd) from design.split

#### Usage

```
plot_split_crd(
   design,
   nrows,
   ncols,
   factor_name_1 = "T1",
   factor_name_2 = "T2",
   labels = "plots",
   subplots = TRUE,
   width = 1,
   height = 1,
   space_width = 0.95,
   space_height = 0.85,
   reverse_y = FALSE,
   reverse_x = FALSE
)
```

#### Arguments

design outdesign from agricolae package

nrows Number of rows for the design

ncols Number of columns for the design

factor\_name\_1 string Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book

factor\_name\_2 string Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book

labels string Describes the column from that the plots are taken to display them

plot\_split\_lsd 27

subplots	should the plot function return the subplots (default) or main plots?
width	numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment
height	numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment
space_width	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of width
space_height	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of height
reverse_y	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in Row direction? use reverse_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. default:reverse_y=FALSE
reverse_x	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in column direction? default:reverse_x=FALSE

#### Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

#### **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
T1<-c('a','b','c','d','e','f','g')
T2<-c('v','w','x','y','zzz')
r <- 4
outdesign2 <- design.split(trt1=T1, trt2=T2, r=r, serie = 2, seed = 0, kinds = 'Super-Duper', randomization=TRUE, first=TRUE, design = 'crd')
plot_split_crd(outdesign2,ncols = 6,nrows=5)
outdesign2 <- design.split(trt1=T1, trt2=T2, r=r, serie = 2, seed = 0, kinds = 'Super-Duper', randomization=FALSE, first=TRUE, design = 'crd')
plot_split_crd(outdesign2,ncols = 6,nrows=5)</pre>
```

plot\_split\_lsd

Plot Split Plot Design lsd

# Description

Plot a design of a split plot experiment with latin squared design (lsd) from design.split

28 plot\_split\_lsd

#### Usage

```
plot_split_lsd(
  design,
  factor_name_1 = "T1",
  factor_name_2 = "T2",
  labels = "plots",
  subplots = TRUE,
  width = 1,
  height = 1,
  space_width = 0.95,
  space_height = 0.85,
  reverse_y = FALSE,
  reverse_x = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

design	outdesign from agricolae package
factor_name_1	string Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
factor_name_2	string Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
labels	string Describes the column from that the plots are taken to display them
subplots	should the plot function return the subplots (default) or main plots?
width	numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment
height	numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment
space_width	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of width
space_height	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of height
reverse_y	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in Row direction? use reverse_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. default:reverse_y=FALSE
reverse_x	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in column direction? default:reverse_x=FALSE

### Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
T1<-c('a','b','c','d','e')
T2<-c('v','w','x','y')</pre>
```

plot\_split\_rcbd 29

plot\_split\_rcbd

Plot Split Plot Designs with rcbd

## **Description**

Plot a design of a split plot experiment with randomized complete blocks design (rcbd) from design.split

#### Usage

```
plot_split_rcbd(
  design,
  y = "block",
  factor_name_1 = "T1",
  factor_name_2 = "T2",
  subplots = TRUE,
  labels = "plots",
  width = 1,
  height = 1,
  space_width = 0.95,
  space_height = 0.85,
  reverse_y = FALSE,
  reverse_x = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

design	outdesign from agricolae package
у	string defines the block
factor_name_1	string Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
factor_name_2	string Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
subplots	should the plot function return the subplots (default) or main plots?
labels	string Describes the column from that the plots are taken to display them
width	numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment
height	numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment
space_width	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of width

plot\_strip

space_height	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no
	space between plots in term of height
reverse_y	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in
	Row direction? use reverse_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. de-
	fault:reverse_y=FALSE
reverse_x	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in col-
	umn direction? default:reverse x=FALSE

#### Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

#### **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
T1<-c('a','b','c','d','e')
T2<-c('v','w','x','y','z','zz')
r = 3
outdesign2 <- design.split(trt1=T1, trt2=T2, r=r,serie = 2,
    seed = 0, kinds = 'Super-Duper',randomization=TRUE,
    first=TRUE,design = 'rcbd')
plot_split_rcbd(outdesign2,width = 1,height = 1)
plot_split_rcbd(outdesign2,width = 1,height = 1,reverse_y = TRUE)
plot_split_rcbd(outdesign2,width = 1,height = 1,reverse_x = TRUE,reverse_y = TRUE)</pre>
```

plot\_strip

Plot Strip Design

#### **Description**

Plot a design of an experiment with an Strip Plot design from agricolae design.strip

#### Usage

```
plot_strip(
  design,
  x = "col",
  y = "row",
  factor_name_1 = "T1",
  factor_name_2 = "T2",
  labels = "plots",
  width = 1,
  height = 1,
  space_width = 0.95,
  space_height = 0.85,
  reverse_y = FALSE,
  reverse_x = FALSE
)
```

plot\_youden 31

#### **Arguments**

design	outdesign from agricolae package
x	Describes the x coordinates of a experiment design
У	Describes the y coordinates of a experiment design
factor_name_1	Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
factor_name_2	Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
labels	Describes the column from that the plots are taken to display them
width	numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment
height	numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment
space_width	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of width
space_height	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of height
reverse_y	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in Row direction? use reverse_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. default:reverse_y=FALSE
reverse_x	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in column direction? default:reverse_x=FALSE

#### Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

# **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
T1<-c('a','b','c','d')
T2<-c('v','w','x','y','z')
r = 3
outdesign <- design.strip(trt1=T1, trt2=T2, r=r,serie = 2, seed = 0, kinds = 'Super-Duper',randomization=TRUE)
plot_strip(outdesign,factor_name_1 = "T1",factor_name_2="T2")
plot_strip(outdesign,factor_name_1 = "T1",factor_name_2="T2",reverse_x = TRUE)</pre>
```

plot\_youden Plot Youden Design

# Description

Plot a Youden experiment design from agricolae design.youden

32 plot\_youden

# Usage

```
plot_youden(
   design,
   x = "col",
   y = "row",
   factor_name = "varieties",
   labels = "plots",
   width = 1,
   height = 1,
   space_width = 0.95,
   space_height = 0.85,
   reverse_y = FALSE,
   reverse_x = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

design	outdesign from agricolae package
X	Describes the x coordinates of a experiment design
у	Describes the y coordinates of a experiment design
factor_name	string Which factor should be used for plotting, needs to be a column in outdesign\$book
labels	string Describes the column from that the plots are taken to display them.
width	numeric value, describes the width of a plot in an experiment
height	numeric value, describes the height of a plot in an experiment
space_width	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of width
space_height	numeric value, describes the share of the space of the plots. 0=only space, 1=no space between plots in term of height
reverse_y	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in Row direction? Use reverse_y=TRUE to have same sketch as in agricolae. default:reverse_y=FALSE
reverse_x	boolean, should the plots of the experiment be changed in reverse order in column direction? default:reverse_x=FALSE

# Value

ggplot graphic that can be modified, if wished

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
varieties<-c('perricholi','yungay','maria bonita','tomasa')
outdesign <-design.youden(varieties,r=2,serie=2,seed=23)
plot_youden(outdesign, labels = 'varieties')</pre>
```

protective\_layers 33

protective\_layers

Create Protective Layers for Design of Experiments (DOEs)

#### **Description**

This function generates protective layers around the polygons of an experiment. These layers can be used to plot boundaries, for example, to protect agricultural on-farm experiments from accidental harvesting.

#### Usage

```
protective_layers(design, borders = c(0, 3, 5, 10))
```

## **Arguments**

design An sf object containing the polygons of the experiment. The coordinate refer-

ence system (crs) of the data needs to be in metric distance, not degrees.

borders A numeric vector specifying the distances (in meters) for which protective layers

should be created. The layers will be created with decreasing distances, starting

from the largest.

#### Value

An sf object representing the protective layers around the experiment polygons.

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(sf)
library(ggplot2)
example("make_polygons")
polygo <- make_polygons(plt, north = 13454206.89, east = 7939183.21)
polygo <- st_transform(polygo, 25832)
pl <- protective_layers(polygo)
# plot experiment shape
ggplot(pl) + geom_sf(fill=c("black","orange","blue","red"))+ theme_minimal()
# write them to kml for Google Maps
# st_write(pl, "boundaries2.kml", append = FALSE)</pre>
```

34 sample\_locations

campla	locations
samble	locations

Sample Locations

# Description

Returns locations to sample for each plot.

#### Usage

```
sample_locations(design, n, plot = TRUE, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

design	Your experiment design of plot layouts.
n	Number of samples per plot (integer).
plot	Logical, indicating whether to visualize the sample locations as a ggplot2-based map.
	further options for 'st_sample' and 'make_polygons'

#### **Details**

This function takes an experiment design (plot layout) and returns random sample locations within each plot. The function uses the 'sf' package to generate spatial polygons for the plots and then samples points within each polygon. Optionally, it can also display the sample locations as a ggplot2-based map.

#### Value

An 'sf' object containing the sample locations within each plot.

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
library(ggplot2)
trt <- c('A', 'B', 'C', 'D')
k <- 3
outdesign <- design.bib(trt, k, serie = 2, seed = 41, kinds = 'Super-Duper')
plot_bib(outdesign)
p <- plot_bib(outdesign)
sample_locations(p, 3, TRUE, projection_output = 25832)</pre>
```

serpentine 35

serpentine Serpentine
-----------------------

# Description

This function produces a serpentine array of integers beginning by one

#### Usage

```
serpentine(n, times, m = 1)
```

# **Arguments**

n integer value indicating the upper cap of a numeric sequence

times integer number of replications

m integer value indicating the lower cap of a numeric sequence

#### Value

vector containing the serpentine sequence

#### **Examples**

```
serpentine(n=20,times = 15)
serpentine(n=20,times = 15,m=4)
```

summary

summary of a field Layout

### **Description**

print a summary of a FieldLayout object

# Usage

```
summary(object, unit = "m", part = "net_plot", ...)
```

# Arguments

object	an object, created by DOE_obj with a FieldLayout class
unit	a string that corresponds to measure unit (default is m)

part which part of the summary are you interested? Choose one of the following:

"net\_plot","gross\_plot","field","experiment","all"

... further arguments passed to or from other methods

36 test\_input\_extend

#### **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
varieties<-c('perricholi','yungay','maria bonita','tomasa')</pre>
outdesign <-design.youden(varieties,r=2,serie=2,seed=23)</pre>
p <- plot_youden(outdesign, labels = 'varieties')</pre>
stats <- DOE_obj(p)</pre>
# print plot summary for net plot (plots without space)
summary(stats, part = "net_plot")
# print plot summary for gross plot (plots with space)
summary(stats, part = "gross_plot")
# print plot summary for entire field
summary(stats, part = "field")
# print plot summary for design summary
summary(stats, part = "experiment")
# print plot summary for all information shown above in one output
summary(stats, part = "all")
```

test\_input\_extend

Test if input for width and height is numeric

#### **Description**

Test if input is numeric for field width and height

#### Usage

```
test_input_extend(x)
```

# **Arguments**

Χ

input to be tested

#### Value

error

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
test_input_extend(3)
```

test\_input\_ncols 37

test\_input\_ncols

checks matrix column input

#### **Description**

checks if input is suitable for matrix column indication

# Usage

```
test_input_ncols(x)
```

# Arguments

Х

input to be tested

#### Value

error

# **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
test_input_ncols(9)
```

test\_input\_nrows

checks matrix rows input

# Description

checks if input is suitable for matrix row indication

# Usage

```
test_input_nrows(x)
```

# Arguments

Χ

input to be tested

#### Value

error

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
test_input_nrows(10)
```

38 test\_input\_shift

test\_input\_reverse

Test if input is a logical

#### **Description**

Test if input is a logical

# Usage

```
test_input_reverse(x)
```

# Arguments

Χ

input to be tested

#### Value

error

# **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
test_input_reverse(TRUE)
```

test\_input\_shift

Test if input for shift parameter is numeric

# Description

Test if input is numeric for shift parameter

# Usage

```
test_input_shift(x)
```

# Arguments

Χ

input to be tested

#### Value

error

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
test_input_shift(0.5)
```

test\_names\_design 39

test\_names\_design

Test of experimental design

# Description

Test if the outdesign file contains book and parameter list

#### Usage

```
test_names_design(design)
```

# Arguments

design

design from agricolae package

#### Value

error

### **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
trt<-c(2,4)
k=6
outdesign<-design.ab(trt, r=k, serie=3,design='rcbd')
test_names_design(outdesign)</pre>
```

test\_name\_in\_column

Test if input column names

# Description

Test if input is in column names of a table

# Usage

```
test_name_in_column(x, design)
```

#### **Arguments**

x string input

design design from agricolae package

### Value

error

theme\_gi

### **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
trt<-c(2,4)
k=6
outdesign<-design.ab(trt, r=k, serie=3,design='rcbd')
test_name_in_column('B',outdesign)</pre>
```

test\_string

Test if input is a string

# Description

Test if input is a string

# Usage

```
test_string(x)
```

#### **Arguments**

Х

input to be tested

#### Value

error

# **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
test_string('smallstring')
```

theme\_gi

theme\_gi

# Description

Creates a theme for 'ggplot' based graphics to ensure to meet formal requirements for conferences of the Gesellschaft fuer Informatik

# Usage

```
theme_gi()
```

# Value

a 'ggplot' graph with a modified theme

theme\_poster 41

#### **Examples**

```
# example borrowed from ggplot2
library(ggplot2)
df <- data.frame(
gp = factor(rep(letters[1:3], each = 10)),
y = rnorm(30))

p <- ggplot() +
geom_point(data = df, aes(gp, y))
p <- p + theme_gi();p</pre>
```

 $theme\_poster$ 

ggplot2 theme for poster presentation

# Description

This theme is designed to increase font size to ensure readability on poster presentations

#### Usage

```
theme_poster()
```

#### Value

ggplot2 theme

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
T1<-c('a','b','c','d','e','f','g')
T2<-c('v','w','x','y','z')
r <- 4
outdesign2 <- design.split(trt1=T1, trt2=T2, r=r, serie = 2, seed = 0, kinds = 'Super-Duper', randomization=FALSE,first=TRUE,design = 'crd')
plot_split_crd(outdesign2,ncols = 6,nrows=5)+
theme_poster()</pre>
```

to\_table

theme\_pres

ggplot2 theme for outdoor presentation

#### **Description**

This theme is designed to increase font size to ensure readability on outdoor used devices

# Usage

```
theme_pres()
```

#### Value

ggplot2 theme

#### **Examples**

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
T1<-c('a','b','c','d','e','f','g')
T2<-c('v','w','x','y','z')
r <- 4
outdesign2 <- design.split(trt1=T1, trt2=T2, r=r, serie = 2, seed = 0, kinds = 'Super-Duper', randomization=FALSE,first=TRUE,design = 'crd')
plot_split_crd(outdesign2,ncols = 6,nrows=5)+
theme_pres()</pre>
```

to\_table

to\_table

#### **Description**

Write field experiment information to a dataframe.

#### Usage

```
to_table(object, part = "net_plot", unit = "m", digits = 3, ...)
```

# Arguments

object	an object, created by DOE_obj with a FieldLayout class
part	which part of the summary are you interested? Choose one of the following: "net_plot", "gross_plot", "field", "experiment"
unit	a string that corresponds to measure unit (default is m)
digits	integer indicating the number of decimal places (round) or significant digits (signif) to be used. Negative values are allowed
	further arguments passed to or from other methods

to\_table 43

#### Value

dataframe with corresponding information about the experiment

```
library(agricolaeplotr)
library(agricolae)
varieties<-c('perricholi','yungay','maria bonita','tomasa')
outdesign <-design.youden(varieties,r=2,serie=2,seed=23)
p <- plot_youden(outdesign, labels = 'varieties', width=4, height=3)
stats <- DOE_obj(p)
r <- to_table(stats,part = "net_plot", digits = 2)
r
r <- to_table(stats,part = "gross_plot", digits = 2)
r
r <- to_table(stats,part = "field", digits = 2)
r
r <- to_table(stats,part = "experiment", digits = 2)
r
r <- to_table(stats,part = "experiment", digits = 2)
r</pre>
```

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